



## DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

C. C. FOWNING, Editor and Proprietor.

## THE NEW POLITICAL SOUTH.

According to late advices the policy of the Administration in the way of Southern appointments is to select men for Government positions who are young and commercially inclined. Near all the men appointed to office in the South since Gen. Harrison came into power have been of this disposition. They are with one or two exceptions young men, and men who look forward to the day when the South will be able to compare favorably with the North from a commercial point of view. President Harrison intends to ignore entirely the old machine politicians, or those known as carpetbaggers. He finds that these men care nothing for the South as a part of the country and do not look towards the development of that section except that it may benefit them. This class of barons the President is determined upon ignoring entirely. They may not expect any favors at the hands of this Administration.

A representative of Gen. Harrison, who is of a non-political turn of mind, has just returned from a tour of inspection through the principal cities and towns of the South. This representative was delegated by Gen. Harrison some time ago to make this trip and note his observations of the condition of affairs and what is most needed for that section of the United States. On reporting on what he saw and learned of things in the places he visited this representative says that the internal status of the South at the present time is at what he says is "ebb tide." The conclusion he reached was that young and active men should take hold of affairs down there, and the nonchalant ones or carpetbaggers should by all means be turned down.

The President has received the report of his messenger in a most favorable manner. It was just about in accordance with his own views of the matter before his inauguration, and now that a non-partisan has reported he will take care to see that the seceding tide of commercial activity be brought back into the regions of the Carolinas and adjoining country. From a commercial standpoint the President is resolved upon making his Administration a success even if he should fail to attain into other ideals he has pictured for himself. And in this growth of commercial prosperity he wants to see the South share. He desires much to witness the building up of manufacturing enterprises in every portion of the southern tier of States. And to do this he feels that the young man is the person to look to, for he sees the languid and indolent disposition of the older heads who have been traveling in a rut ever since the close of the war. The appointments thus far show what the President is trying to do, for nearly every appointment made in the South has been a man under 40 years of age.

## Government Waste Paper.

The public printer has just prepared advertisements for proposals for the purchase of waste paper in the government printing office for the next fiscal year. Ordinarily a little item of this kind would be considered as of no interest, but the general public has no idea of the enormous quantity of waste paper that is annually turned out of the greatest printing establishment in the United States. It is estimated by the experts of the office that the amount for the fiscal year of 1890 will aggregate 1,500,000 pounds.

The Papal succession has become a subject of rumor and gossip in certain circles. Among other speculations it is given out that Cardinal Gibbons is to have the tiara now worn by Leo XIII. There is not the faintest shadow of foundation for such a prediction. The college of cardinals is now, as it has been for several centuries, overwhelmingly Italian. It does not stand to reason that a foreigner, and especially an American, would stand the slightest chance of selection. Quite apart from the natural tendency of the native cardinals to give preference to one of their own number, the pressure from the courts of Austria, Spain, and even little Belgium would be adverse to any American cardinal by reason of his Republican tendencies. Cardinal Gibbons has been a life-long and outspoken champion of American institutions, and the college of cardinals is for the most part made up of men in active sympathy with monarchical forms of government.

Harry Chase, of New York, has received a letter from Gladstone, in which the latter says the Palmerston Cabinet never dealt with the subject of recognizing the Southern Confederacy, except to the extent of promptly and unambiguously rejecting the avowal of Louis Napoleon looking to recognition.

Kentucky is chewing her quid of content. Three hundred million pounds is the estimate of her tobacco crop this season.

The famous rainbow chaser, Calvin S. Brice, has been chosen Chairman of the Democratic National Committee.

M. J. O'Connor, President of the Hibernia Bank, is dead.

## All Ordered Green Mint.

New York Sun. The city might have the most fashionable "big" house in America was crowded every man except two had a glass of green mint before him. The rage for this decoction of sugar treated with the juice of mint leaves—which tastes very like oil of peppermint, by the way—is approaching a madness in town.

The Jaroson Tribune gives this away: It is reported that Ed. Schmidt, the short, stout man of the family, is shortly to wed one of Reno's fairest and wealthiest daughters.

## CROP PROSPECTS.

The June Returns of the Department of Agriculture.

The June returns to the Department of Agriculture show a light increase in Winter wheat. The area in seed will be possibly a million acres more than the last crop, largely from Kansas and California. The seeded and harvested area in Kansas this year will be nearly identical, and a large breadth in California which is out for hay in years of low yield, will, in part, be harvested for grain this season. The question of areas will be treated as thoroughly as possible by a partial local census at various points. The condition of Winter wheat still remains comparatively high, though it has fallen three points during the month and averages 93 for the country. The following State averages are given: New York 96, Texas 88, Kentucky 86, Ohio 88, Michigan 90, Illinois 92, Missouri 93, Kansas 98, California 98, Pennsylvania 95.

The area of Spring wheat has apparently increased about 3 per cent. Preliminary estimates show a loss of three per cent. in Wisconsin, and 1 in Minnesota, and again of 1 in Iowa, 3 in Nebraska and 7 in Dakota. Further investigation may disclose changes. The condition of Spring wheat is high except in parts of Dakota, where it has suffered from droughts. The averages are: Wisconsin 96, Minnesota 93, Dakota 98, Nebraska 98, Iowa 93. The condition is generally high in mountain districts. The average is nearly 90 for the entire Spring wheat breadth, and an increase of 2 to 3 per cent. in area. Oats are reported white in condition, seven points below the normal standard full crop.

Barley is about the same as last year and its average condition is 95. Rye made no perceptible advance in area and its general average condition is 95.

## THE SOUTH WANTS IT.

The Chairmanship of the House Committee on Elections.

A Washington dispatch says there is going to be a great deal of contention when the Fifty-first Congress convenes over the organization of the House Committee on elections. It has already been announced that the South intends to combine and demand the Chairmanship of this Committee. A majority has undoubtedly selected Col. Houck, of Knoxville, Tenn., who has been a member of the House for five or six terms and during most of that period one of the Committee on Elections. The South will furnish more contested elections than any other section of the country, and each contestant has his friends in the House. There is one peculiarity in the southern contestants over those from the north; they would like to know in advance how the jury is made, up which will hear their cases.

Before the Speaker is elected some of the Southern members will not only demand the Chairmanship of the Committee on Elections for their favorite, but they will demand of that favorite an expression as to what he thinks of certain contests. Judge Houck is a man of good judicial mind, and eminent fairness, and it is probable that he will refuse to say what his opinion of a case is before he has made a judicial examination of it. This is very likely to result in the South dividing on the subject of recommending a Chairman, and in this event the South may get left. Already there is a good deal of talk on the subject, and considerable feeling is being shown. It is claimed that more than anything else decisions in favor of certain contestants in the South will help break up the solidity of Democratic majorities which have been secured by fraud. They want some example, and are determined to begin at this time.

## COSTS LOTS OF MONEY.

A late Washington dispatch reads as follows:

"Office seeking costs lots of money," said a Western Republican Senator this morning. "Hundreds of men have been hanging around Washington ever since the 4th of March, seeking places either for themselves or somebody else. I presume there has been an average of 1,000 men here daily from various parts of the country during the past few weeks, and that of those they represent. About half of the men come here seeking places for others; they have their expenses paid by the applicants. These men will average a cost of at least \$5 a day, and that means not less than \$5,000 daily for office seeking. You can see that already a half million dollars have been expended. I doubt very much if all the offices secured pay salaries worth \$500,000 for four years." "I have encountered a good many monstrous and a great many peculiar situations in connection with office-seeking. I know a father and son who are both seeking offices in the same branch of the Government service. The success of one means the defeat of the other. There are two brothers here seeking a place in the Treasury Department. Each knows full well that the other will be left out. Neither gets a place he will be left out. Neither the father nor son, nor either of the brothers, will be given a place. I advised them repeatedly to get together, and one withdrew in favor of the other, but they were unwilling to do this."

There is a good deal of superstition in connection with office-seeking. One of the most energetic and strongly endorsed office seekers carried a real rabbit foot in his pocket. He calls it a "graveyard rabbit foot." It is an ordinary "cotton tail" foot, of light gray color, and around it is tied a pretty little pink ribbon. This man is strong of mind, and young of years, yet he declares that if he was to lose his rabbit foot he would not achieve success in his ambition.

## A Red-Hot Site.

Sacramento Bee.

"The Commissioners appointed to select a site for the Insane Asylum for Southern California have done great work," said a gentleman from San Diego to a Bee reporter to-day. "They have agreed upon a place back of San Bernardino, where it is so hot that hell would make a refrigerator for it."

"Yes," said the reporter, "but the Governor has not yet confirmed the site." "Oh, he will confirm it," was the reply. "The Governor selected the Commissioners to suit himself and in opposition to everybody else, and they selected a site to suit the Governor. He will confirm the selection—don't you worry about that."

## BLIND STUDENTS.

HOW THEY ARE TAUGHT TO READ, WRITE AND PLAY.

Splendid Results Achieved by Very Simple Means—Invention of the "Point Systems" of Writing—From Writing to Type-Setting.

(Chicago Tribune.) Very few persons blind or seeing, have any idea of the advantages which are freely offered for the amelioration of the wretched condition of a large class of unfortunate. In a general way it is known that a blind man may be taught a few of the rudiments of learning, and to care for himself under certain limited circumstances and under a fashion. And it was not until the last five years that the education of the blind much exceeded those limits. During that time, however, progress has been made which puts the sightless nearly on a plane with those whose sight is perfect.

The educated blind man of the period not only reads and writes, but he does so with unerring accuracy—fluently and well. He studies geography, with maps; astronomy, with sidereal charts and apparatus; and ranges at will through all the hitherto forbidden fields of natural science. Let a seeing man, if he can, read to him a sheet of music; he will transcribe it faster than it is read, and, taking it to a piano, will compel that instrument to give up a faultless interpretation of the notes. It is no uncommon sight in the neighborhood of a blind school to see a group of the pupils at a popular lecture taking notes which they will afterwards transcribe at length in their rooms. There are actually thousands of persons in Illinois, who never saw the light of day, carrying on an untrammelled correspondence in characters which are neither English, nor Hebrew, nor Chaldean, nor cuneiform—nothing else but the "blind alphabet." Blind men teach their seeing friends to do this in order that they may correspond as other people do.

These splendid results have been achieved by means so simple that the wonder is that they were not known long before. Until recently the blind pupil received all instruction orally. Everything was read to him for the simple reason that he could not himself read, except in the old-fashioned "raised-letter" literature, of which there was comparatively little in existence, but which, as is generally known, was traced with great labor by the ends of the blind man's fingers. This he could read, but, man's fingers. This he could read, but, man's fingers. This he could read, but, man's fingers.

Taking the "Braille" by the way of illustration, the blind man's writing outfit consists of paper, a "plate," and a "point." A "plate" is best described as two narrow strips of brass, folded together something like a pocket rule. In the upper arm are punctured two or more rows of oblong holes like this:

Upon the other arm, under each of these holes and conforming to its dimensions, are six dots imbedded upon the brass, thus:

The pupil inserts a sheet of paper between the two arms and begins his work with his "point," which is simply a diminutive awl. By inserting this awl at any one of those punctured through, with a corresponding point. Thus an impression is made on the lower side of the paper which is appreciable to the touch. It will be seen that this system of six points admits of a practically unlimited number of combinations. Upon these combinations are based the alphabet, the Arabic numerals, musical notes, or any other character in common use in any literature. Thus, : expresses one letter, : another, and so on. As his characters are written in the reverse, the blind writer begins at the right and works backward, as in Hebrew.

By these means the blind writer attains a very creditable speed, varying, of course, according to his individual talent. For purposes of ordinary correspondence he uses common note paper and makes an impression that suffices for one or two readings before it is obliterated by contact with the fingers. For more enduring matter a special, heavy paper is employed. From writing to type-setting was but a step, and there are now very few blind institutions not provided with a composing room and complete outfit of types, cases and other paraphernalia, which are brought into requisition to print anything required. Blind printers, pressmen and binders do all the work.

Maps for the blind, geometric figures, and all similar devices are easily made by raising the boundary lines and indicating cities, points, etc., by brass pegs. The eagerness with which the pupils set upon these means of acquiring their great desire, and their great appreciation of what had been done for them compensates in a great measure for their lack of sight. Inspectors of the blind deputation to dwell upon the facile disposition and talents of their pupils, and exhibit evidence of their work which teaches the lesson clearly that intelligent philanthropy has done much to take away the sting of one of the greatest of physical bereavements.

## Helping Them Out.

(Texas Springs.) An old negro was halted after dark on one of the boulevards of New York by a man with a large club, who demanded his money or his life.

"What does all this mean?" "It means if you don't hand out your money I'll knock your head off your shoulders," and the robber snatched at his hands and made to strike. "If I had known you were collecting money for the Bartoldi pedestal I would have hunted you up and helped you poor New York folks outen de scrape long ago, for hilt a case of real distress," said the old negro, as he cheerfully handed over three rink tickets, an aged Barlow knife, and several other articles of bric-a-brac.

## Brain Work.

(Norfolk Herald.) A clam opening contest took place in New York a few days ago, the winner opening 935 bivalves in 57 minutes. The winner in a clam opening contest doesn't pocket so much gate money as the champion in a walking match, but he is not so liable to die from over-exertion. The amount of brain work required in each feat is about equal.

The Military Button Craze. The craze among young ladies for military buttons has brought together several collections, which include army insignia from every nation in the world. Patron—"This set of teeth you made for me is too big." Dentist—"Yes, sir. Sit down in the chair and I will enlarge your mouth a little."—New York Tribune.

## THE ALTAR.

MARTINGS—HABLUND—In Reno, June 12, 1889, at the residence of Charles Williams, Walter Hastings and Miss Emma Hablund, all of Reno.

## PACIFIC LAND AND LOAN CO.

## WHY PAY HOUSE RENT?

When, By taking Shares in the

## Pacific Land and Loan Company

—YOU CAN—

## BUILD YOUR OWN HOME

At A Cost Less Than House Rent.

## PAYABLE MONTHLY.

For Particulars Inquire of

ALLEN T. BIRD,

General Agent for Nevada and Arizona,

DEPOT HOTEL, RENO, NEV.

Agents Wanted.

THOS. BARNETT.

## SUMMER \* GOODS!

At the Old Pioneer Store

—OF—

## Thomas Barnett,

Cor. Commercial Row and Virginia St., Reno.

AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

## SUMMER CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS.

ALSO GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, TRUNKS, VALISES, ETC.

Prices Cheaper Than Ever.

Now Is The Time For Bargains.

RICHARD HERZ, RENO, NEVADA.



Engraving and Watch Repairing. STANDARD TIME TAKEN BY TRANSIT.

## RIVERSIDE HOTEL,

(FORMERLY LAKE HOUSE)

Reno - - - Nevada.

W. R. CHAMBERLAIN, Proprietor

I HAVE RENOVATED AND REMODELED THIS beautiful situated Hotel, on the banks of the Truckee river, and I am now prepared to furnish FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND LODGINGS.

Free Coach to and from all Trains.

Extending a cordial invitation to all my old friends, and patrons, I am yours, J. W. CHAMBERLAIN.

## ESPERETTE OR SANFORD,

—And the Finest—

arm, Kitchen Garden and FLOWER SEEDS.

—At Moderate Prices at—

## PINNIGER'S

APOTHECARY,

Corner Commercial Row and Virginia Street, Reno, Nev.,

C. Gilling, President, W. S. Bender, Vice Pres. Wm. Henry, Secretary, First Nat. Bank, Treasurer

## RENO MILL &amp; LUMBER CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

## ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER,

Wood Turnings,

Wido's, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings,

Pickets, Shingles, Etc.

APPLE BOXES A SPECIALTY.

## JOHN SUNDERLAND.



## John Sunderland,

DEALER IN MEN'S AND BOYS'

## CLOTHING.

And Gents' Furnishing Goods.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN

Fine French

FLANNELS,

Beautiful Striped Designs,

The Finest Shirts ever offered for sale in the town.

IMPORTED

Oxfords and Cheviots,

A Very Large Variety of Patterns. These Goods will be Very Popular for This Spring and Summer.

Silk Shirts in Stripes and Plaids,

HANDSOME COLORINGS AND DESIGNS

CUFFS, COLLARS AND HANDKERCHIEFS

Silk and Viama Underwear.

The Finest Assortment of NECK WEAR on the Coast.

FINE BOOTS AND SHOES.

In Ladies', Misses', and Children's.

Men's Fine Hand-sewed

Kangaroo and French Calf,

In Every Width from A to EE.

All will be sold at New York Prices.

M. NATHAN'S ADVERTISEMENT.

NATHAN'S VIRGINIA STREET, RENO, NEV.

## NEW GOODS

FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR

For the Spring and Summer of 1889,

In Every Department—Men's, Youths', Boys', and Children's.

A Magnificent Assortment of New Styles in Suits, Lightweight Overcoats and Pantaloon.

At the Lowest Prices Possible!

Consistent with New Goods and First-Class Work.

F. LEVY &amp; BRO.

F. LEVY &amp; BROTHER,

—THE RELIABLE—

Dry Goods, Carpet and Cloak House,

Will dispose of the remainder of their

CLOAKS AT GREAT SACRIFICE.

No Cloaks will be kept over for next season. This means Bargains.

W. O. H. MARTIN.

W. O. H. MARTIN,

—DEALER IN—

Shelf Hardware, Bar Iron, Barbed Wire,

Steel, Cumberland Coal, Lime, Plaster, Cement,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

Buckeye And all Other Kinds of Machine Extras a Specialty.

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, TINWARE AND CROCKERY.

Agent for Empire Mower.

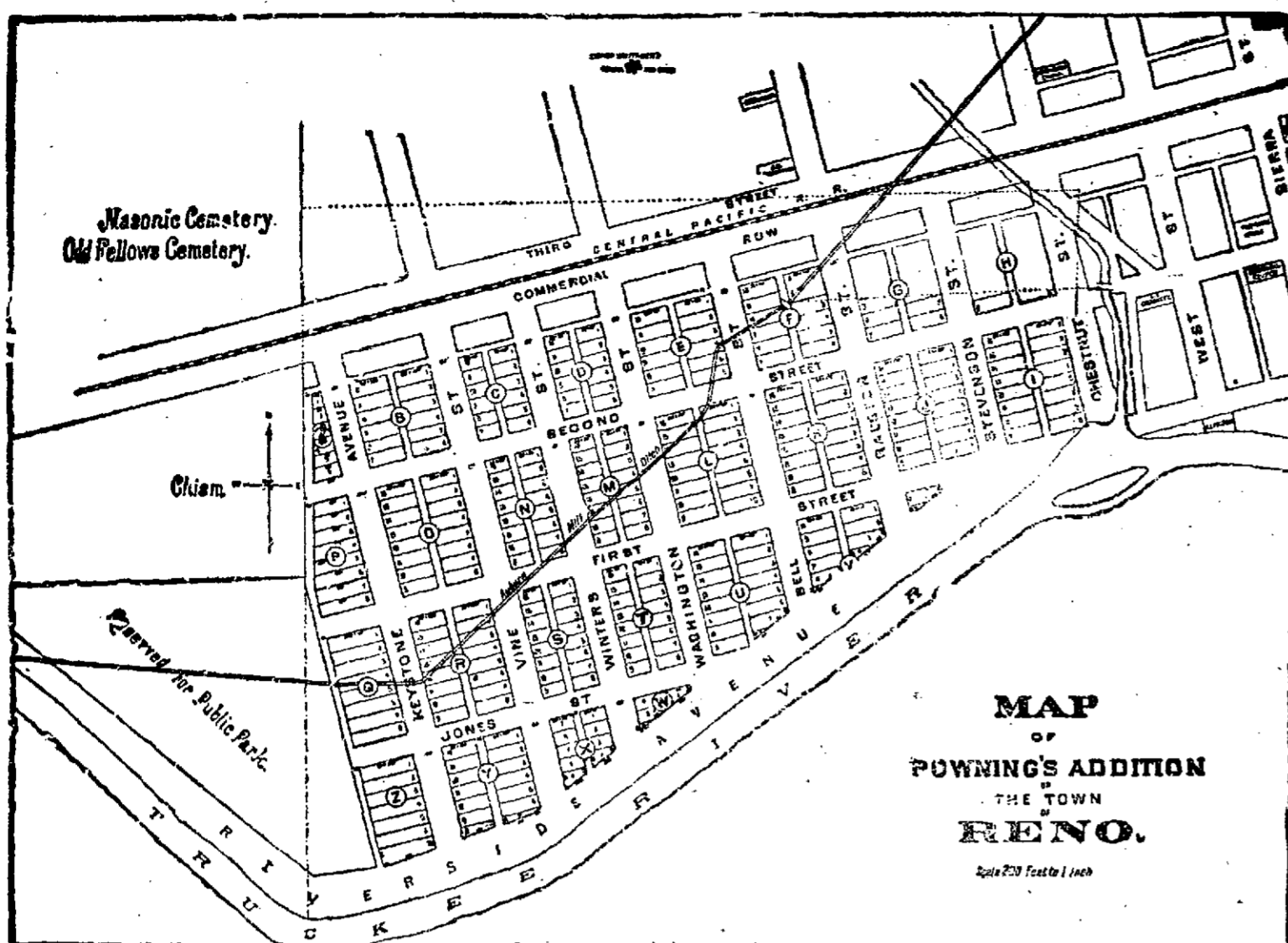
Commercial Row, Reno, Nevada.

FOR FINE

## JOB WORK

Call at the Journal Office.





## 250 Beautiful Lots For Sale!

A RARE CHANCE FOR AN INVESTMENT AND A HOME.

THE MOST LOVELY PORTION OF RENO.

Facing the Truckee—The Aristocratic Avenue Riverside Driveway—Splendid Sewerage—Healthy Location and Safe From Fire.

The proprietor is now ready to receive proposals for lots in Powning's Addition. The map gives a good idea of the tract, which is situated between the Central Pacific Railroad and the Truckee River, and commences on the west at a point three blocks distant from Virginia Street, making it the most central and convenient of any portion of the rapidly growing town of Reno. Unlike any other part of the town this Addition faces the beautiful Truckee River and Riverside Avenue is certain to become the fashionable driveway of the country. The streets are 80 feet wide, while Riverside and Keystone Avenues are intended to be 100 feet in width. All alleys are 20 feet wide. The soil is a rich gravelly loam, and susceptible of the highest state of cultivation. Being situated as it is it is more safe from fire than any other section. The regular lots are 50x140 feet. The sewerage is perfect.

Before Buying Elsewhere Parties will do Well to Look at These Lots.

### RENO

Reno's geographical position is excellent. It is on the line of the Central Pacific Railroad, only 154 miles from Sacramento, and 344 miles from San Francisco. It is the terminus of the Virginia and Truckee Railroad running south, and of the Nevada and California Railroad running north. It has two Flouring Mills, Planing Mills, three Nurseries, a Soap Factory, Reduction Works, and other industries. A great Woolen Mill and a Sash, Door, Blind and Box Factory, are about to be established.

Reno has the Bank of Nevada with \$300,000 capital, and the First National Bank with \$200,000 capital. It has two fine papers in the DAILY and WEEKLY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL and the Daily and Weekly Gazette.

Reno is the natural home of the Alfalfa, and therefore the great cattle headquarters of the State. Here are fed the prime beef for the California market. Reno potatoes are the best in the world, and she also excels in Strawberries and the small fruits. Reno Wheat took the first prize at the great New Orleans Exposition.

The State Fair is always held at Reno. Reno is the County Seat of Washoe County, the wealthiest county in Nevada.

#### FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROPERTY IS offered for sale by the Freehold estate: Two dwelling houses on Virginia street, opposite City Hotel. Two dwelling houses, northwest corner Virginia and Fourth streets. For full particulars acquire of FRANK GOLDEN, Administrator. 19394

## RENO!

Has 5,000 Population and is

Growing Rapidly.

The Loveliest Town

The Cleanest Town.

The Wealthiest Town!

The Healthiest Town!

### RENO

Is Supported by the Richest

Farming Country of Nevada,

Northern California and South-

ern Oregon.

#### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE CREDITORS of the estate of Peter Frank, deceased, to present their claims against the same with proper vouchers to H. P. BROWN, Administrator of said estate at his residence on 5th street in the Western Addition to the town of Reno, Nevada, within three months from the first publication of this notice. By order of the court. H. P. BROWN, Administrator of the estate of Peter Frank, deceased. March 30, 1889-2m

### RENO

Has no equal in Nevada or California for salubrity of climate, wealth of soil, diversity of products and stability. Situated in the very heart of the celebrated Truckee Meadows the future of Reno is assured. Reno is the City of Homes. There is not a house to rent in Reno. New buildings are occupied as fast as erected. Reno has advantages which no other town can equal. The climate is mild and genial in Winter, and even and healthful in Summer. There are no excessively heated or severely cold terms, and while the days may be warm in Summer the nights are deliciously cool; in Winter sleigh-riding is the exception and not the rule.

Facilities for irrigating surpass any in the State and there is no failure of crops. Reno has Churches of all denominations, Bishop Whitaker's School for Girls, Mt. St. Mary's Academy, the State University, and splendid Public Schools.

The Reno Water Co. furnishes ample pure, cold water for all purposes. The Reno Electric Light Co.'s electric light system, already well established, is being augmented. The Reno Gas Co. supplies gas for all purposes. The streets of Reno are lighted by electricity.

#### ANDREW BENSON.

PROPRIETOR OF Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

STOCK CORRALS AND SCALES.

RENO, NEVADA. First-Class Turnouts. Transient Stock Carefully Provided For. Charges to Suit the Time.

## RENO!

Is the Railroad Center of Nevada.

### RENO

Is the Educational Center of Nevada.

### RENO

Is the Healthiest Town in Nevada.

### RENO

Is Great, and Alfalfa is King!

The Safest Investment

IN THE STATE

### RENO PROPERTY

Is the Cheapest on the Coast in comparison with that of other cities.

#### I. O. O. F.

TRUCKEE LODGE, NO. 14, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, meet in their new hall, west side Sierra Street, near the Golden Eagle Hotel, Reno, Nevada, every Wednesday evening, at 7:30 o'clock. Punctual attendance of members is requested. Visiting members in good standing are cordially invited to attend. W. L. THOMAS, N. G. JOHN BOWMAN, Secretary.

STATE FAIR, 1889.

## THE STATE FAIR AT RENO,

Of 1889, Will be Held

Commencing September 30th and Ending October 5th, 1889.

## LIBERAL PREMIUMS

For Live Stock Department and Exhibits in Pavilion.

Trials of Speed to be Conducted Under the Auspices of the Directors of the State Agricultural Society.

THE STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY WAS ESTABLISHED IN ACCORDANCE with an Act of the Legislature of the State of Nevada, entitled "An Act to provide for the management and control of the State Agricultural Society of the State," approved March 7, 1885.

#### Members of the State Board of Agriculture:

G. C. POWNING, of Washoe County, ALVARO EVANS, of Washoe County, THEO. WINTERS, of Washoe County, W. S. BAILEY, of Churchill County, H. F. DANGBERG, of Douglas County, JOS. MARZEN, of Humboldt County, H. M. YERINGTON, of Ormsby County, L. J. FLINN, of Washoe County, P. H. MULLAHEY, of Washoe County, T. B. RICOKEY, of Douglas County, W. O. H. MARTIN, of Washoe County, E. F. BOYLE, of Storey County.

#### Officers of the Society:

THEODORE WINTERS, President, C. H. STODDARD, Secretary, C. T. BENDER, Treasurer.

For Speed Programme, Premium List and other information, address C. H. Stoddard, Secretary, Reno, Nevada. THEO. WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

#### SPEED PROGRAMME:

Monday, September 30th.

Grand combination auction sale, beginning at 10 A. M.; will be sold live stock of every description. Persons desiring to make sales will make entries with the Secretary, stating explicitly what they desire to sell. Five per cent. commission will be charged on all sales. Entries close September 1st. For further information apply to the Secretary, at Reno.

No. 1.—Trotting—2-20 class; purse \$1,200; \$750 to first, \$250 to second, \$150 to third.

Tuesday, October 1st.

No. 2.—Running, Stake—Two-year-olds. Five-eighths of a mile; \$200 added; \$500 entrance; \$15 forfeit; second horse to save entrance.

No. 3.—Running—Three-year-olds and upwards; maidens, if three years old, allowed 5 pounds; if four years old, 10 pounds; if five years old, 15 pounds. Seven-eighths of a mile; Purse \$350; \$50 to second.

No. 4.—Running Stake—One and one eighth miles and repeat; \$300 added; entrance \$50; forfeit \$15; second horse to save entrance.

Wednesday, October 2nd.

No. 5.—Trotting—2-23 class; purse \$1,000; \$500 to first, \$200 to second, \$100 to third.

No. 6.—Pacing—Class 2-20; purse \$500; \$500 to first, \$200 to second, \$100 to third.

Thursday, October 3rd.

No. 7.—Trotting Stake—Three-year-olds. One and one-quarter miles; \$300 added; \$100 entrance; \$25 forfeit; second horse to save entrance.

No. 8.—Running—Seven-eighths of a mile. Owners' handicap; weight not less than 90 pounds; purse \$150; second horse \$50.

No. 9.—Selling Purse—One and one-sixteenth miles and repeat; purse \$200, of which \$50 to second and \$25 to third; for three-year-olds and upwards; horses to be entered for \$1,500 to carry rule weights; two pounds allowed for each \$100 less down to \$1,000; then one pound for each \$100 less down to \$400. Selling price to be stated through entry box at 6 P. M., the day before the race.

Friday, October 4th.

No. 10.—Trotting—2-27 class; purse \$600; \$300 to first, \$200 to second, \$100 to third.

No. 11.—Pacing—Free for All—Purse \$1,000; \$500 to first, \$200 to second, \$100 to third.

Saturday, October 5th.

No. 12.—Running Stake—Two-year-olds. 1 mile; \$250 added; \$100 entrance; \$25 forfeit; second horse to save entrance.

No. 13.—Running Stake—Three-year-olds; 1 1/2 miles; \$500 added; \$400 entrance; \$25 forfeit; second horse to save entrance.

No. 14.—Trotting—Free for All—Purse \$1,500; \$1,000 to first, \$250 to second, \$200 to third.

Trotting class; Purse \$500; 250 to first, 150 to second, 100 to third.

Trotting—3-year-olds; Purse \$500; 250 to first, 150 to second, 100 to third.

These races to be trotted on days to be named hereafter.

REMARKS AND CONDITIONS:

Entries to running races and stakes must be made to the Secretary on or before August 15, 1889.

Those who have nominated in stakes must name to the Secretary in writing which they will start the day before the race.

Entries to all trotting and pacing races close Sept. 1st.

Five or more to enter, and three or more to start in all races for purses.

National Trotting Association Rules to govern trotting races. Pacific Coast Blood Horse Association Rules to govern running races.

All trotting and pacing races are the best three in five, unless otherwise specified; five to enter and three to start. But the Board reserves the right to hold a less number than five to all, by a withdrawal of a proportionate amount of the purse. Entrance fee, per cent. on purse, to accompany nomination.

National Association rules to govern trotting; but the Board reserves the right to trot heat of any two classes alternately, if necessary to finish any day's racing, or to trot a special race between heats. A horse making a walk-over shall be entitled only to the entrance money paid in. When less than the required number of starters appear, they may contest for the entrance money, to be divided as follows: 65% to the first and 35% to the second.

No horse shall receive more than one premium. In all purses entries not declared out by 6 P. M. of the day preceding the race shall be required to start.

When there is more than one entry by one person, or in one interest, the particular horse they are to start must be named by 6 P. M. of the day preceding the race. No added money paid for a walk-over.

Racing colors to be named in entry.

In trotting races drivers will be required to wear caps of distinct colors which must be named in their entries.

Each day's races will commence promptly at 1 o'clock P. M.

All entries must be directed to C. H. Stoddard, Reno, Nevada.

THEODORE WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

#### BURLINGTON EXCURSIONS.

### BURLINGTON ROUTE EXCURSIONS.

Commencing Saturday, March 2d, at 6:50 A. M. and Every Alternate Saturday.

## EXCURSIONS

Will leave San Francisco for all points East via Salt Lake, where stop will be made one day. The Sleeping Cars are provided with Mattresses, Blankets, Pillows, Curtains, Etc.

For full particulars and Descriptive Folder, call on or address, Agent, Burlington Route, 32 Montgomery St., San Francisco, Cal.

Or Ticket Agent, Central Pacific R. R., Reno, Nev.

#### N. P. JAKES, PRACTICAL PLUMBER.

### N. P. JAKES,

Corner of Second and Sierra Streets, RENO.

Practical Plumber, Steam and Gas Fitter.

Dealer in Hardware, Stoves and Ranges. Manufacturer of Copper, Tin and Iron Ware.

Agent for Old's Hollow Steel Axle Farm Wagons.

Agent for McCormick's Mowers and Reapers.

Agent for the celebrated Patti Roads Carts.

FAIR.

1889 1889

#### ELEVENTH DISTRICT FAIR.

#### TENTH ANNUAL MEETING

Plumas, Lassen, Sierra and Modoc Agricultural Association,

QUINCY, PLUMAS COUNTY,

Monday, September 23, 1889,

AND CONTINUING FIVE DAYS.

Washoe County, Nevada, Lake and Grant Counties, Oregon, Admitted to District for Racing Purposes.

PURSES - - - \$10,000.

PREMIUMS - - - \$5,000.

#### LADIES' TOURNAMENT!

Tuesday and Thursday at 10 A. M. Six money—First Prize, \$25; second, \$20; third, \$15; fourth, \$10; fifth, \$5; sixth, \$5.

Grand Combination Auction Sale. Thursday, September 24th, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M. Persons desiring to make sales will make entries with the Secretary, Sept. 24th, at 10 o'clock, P. M.

#### SPEED PROGRAMME:

Money in all races to be divided as follows: First horse, 60 per cent; second, 30 per cent; third, 10 per cent, unless when otherwise specified. All races free for all, unless otherwise designated.

#### FIRST DAY.

1.—Trotting—3 minute class, 3 in 5; Purse \$300; District 2.  
2.—Trotting—2-20 class, 3 in 5; Purse \$400.  
3.—Running—Three-year-olds and under; mile dash; Purse \$250; District.  
4.—Running—Half-mile and repeat; Purse \$200; District.  
5.—Pacing—3 in 5; Purse \$500.

#### SECOND DAY.

6.—Trotting—2-40 class, 3 in 5; Purse \$350.  
7.—3-year-olds and under; 3 in 5; Purse \$300; District.  
8.—Running—Mile dash, 2 in 3; Purse \$400.  
9.—Running—1 1/2 mile dash; Purse \$300.

#### THIRD DAY.

10.—Trotting—2-year-old colt race, 3 in 5; Purse \$250; District.  
11.—Trotting—2-20 class, 3 in 5; Purse \$300.  
12.—Running—Three-year-olds and under; mile dash; Purse \$250; District.  
13.—Running—1 1/2 mile dash; Purse \$350.  
14.—Running—Mile dash; Purse \$250.

#### FOURTH DAY.

15.—Trotting—Free for all; Purse \$1,000.  
16.—Trotting—Double team; mile and repeat; District 2.  
17.—Running—Mile dash; Purse \$400.  
18.—Running—1 1/2 mile dash; Purse \$300.  
19.—Running—Mile dash; Purse \$250.

#### FIFTH DAY.

20.—Trotting—2-35 class, 3 in 5; Purse \$350.  
21.—Trotting—Double team; mile and repeat; District 2.  
22.—Running—Mile dash; Purse \$400.  
23.—Running—1 1/2 mile dash; Purse \$300.  
24.—Running—Mile dash; Purse \$250.

25.—Consolation purse.

#### RULES OF THE TRACK.

Entrance to all trotting and running races to close with the Secretary at 6 o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, August 20, 1889.

All entries to be made in writing, to give sex, color and marks of horses. Also name and residence of owner, in running races colors to be worn by rider and any other particulars that will enable the stewards to distinguish the horse in the race.

Write "Entries to Races," on outside of envelope and seal.

Entrance fee ten per cent of purse, to accompany entry and expire on day of race.

In all races, 5 or more to enter and 3 or more to start.

National Association rules to govern trotting, but the Board reserves the right to trot heat of any two classes alternately, if necessary to finish any day's racing, or to trot a special race between heats. A horse making a walk-over shall be entitled only to the entrance money paid in. When less than the required number of starters appear, they may contest for the entrance money, to be divided as follows: 65% to the first and 35% to the second.

No horse shall receive more than one premium. In all purses entries not declared out by 6 P. M. of the day preceding the race shall be required to start.

When there is more than one entry by one person, or in one interest, the particular horse they are to start must be named by 6 P. M. of the day preceding the race. No added money paid for a walk-over.

Racing colors to be named in entry.

In trotting races drivers will be required to wear caps of distinct colors which must be named in their entries.

Each day's races will commence promptly at 1 o'clock P. M.

All entries must be directed to C. H. Stoddard, Reno, Nevada.

THEODORE WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

THEODORE WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

THEODORE WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

THEODORE WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

THEODORE WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

THEODORE WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

THEODORE WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

THEODORE WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

THEODORE WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

THEODORE WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

THEODORE WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

THEODORE WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

THEODORE WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

THEODORE WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.